H-2204.1			

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2090

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By House Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections (originally sponsored by Representatives Clements, Sump and Orcutt)

READ FIRST TIME 03/05/03.

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- 1 AN ACT Relating to search and rescue dogs; adding a new section to
- 2 chapter 9.91 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- MEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9.91 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1)(a) Any person who has received notice that his or her behavior is interfering with the use of a search and rescue dog who continues with reckless disregard to interfere with the use of a search and rescue dog by obstructing, intimidating, or otherwise jeopardizing the safety of the search and rescue dog user or his or her search and rescue dog is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW, except that for a second or subsequent offense it is a gross misdemeanor.
 - (b) Any person who, with reckless disregard, allows his or her dog to interfere with the use of a search and rescue dog by obstructing, intimidating, or otherwise jeopardizing the safety of the search and rescue dog user or his or her search and rescue dog is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW, except that for a second or subsequent offense it is a gross misdemeanor.

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- 1 (2)(a) Any person who, with reckless disregard, injures, disables, 2 or causes the death of a search and rescue dog is guilty of a gross 3 misdemeanor punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
 - (b) Any person who, with reckless disregard, allows his or her dog to injure, disable, or cause the death of a search and rescue dog is guilty of a gross misdemeanor punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.
 - (3) Any person who intentionally injures, disables, or causes the death of a search and rescue dog is guilty of a class C felony.
 - (4) Any person who wrongfully obtains or exerts unauthorized control over a search and rescue dog with the intent to deprive the dog user of his or her search and rescue dog is guilty of theft in the first degree under RCW 9A.56.030.
 - (5)(a) In any case in which the defendant is convicted of a violation of this section, he or she shall also be ordered to make full restitution for all damages, including incidental and consequential expenses incurred by the search and rescue dog user and the dog that arise out of, or are related to, the criminal offense.
 - (b) Restitution for a conviction under this section shall include, but is not limited to:
 - (i) The value of the replacement of an incapacitated or deceased dog, the training of a replacement search and rescue dog, or retraining of the affected dog and all related veterinary and care expenses; and
 - (ii) Medical expenses of the search and rescue dog user, training of the dog user, and compensation for any wages or earned income lost by the search and rescue dog user as a result of a violation of subsection (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this section.
- 28 (6) Nothing in this section affects any civil remedies available 29 for violation of this section.
- 30 (7) For purposes of this section, "search and rescue dog" means a 31 dog that is trained for the purpose of search and rescue of persons 32 lost or missing.

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